

# Geometric Average Rate Option

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## 1 Formula

The value of a *forward starting* geometric average rate option is

$$\phi e^{-r_T T} \mathbb{E}(G_T) N \left( \phi \frac{\mathbb{E}(\ln G_T) - \ln X + \text{Var}(\ln G_T)}{\sqrt{\text{Var}(\ln G_T)}} \right) - \phi X e^{-r_T T} N \left( \phi \frac{\mathbb{E}(\ln G_T) - \ln X}{\sqrt{\text{Var}(\ln G_T)}} \right),$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbb{E}(\ln G_T) &= \frac{1}{W} \sum_{i=1}^n w_i \left[ \ln \mathbb{E}(S_{t_i}) - \frac{1}{2} \sigma_{t_i}^2 t_i \right] & \text{Var}(\ln G_T) &= \frac{1}{W^2} \sum_{i=1}^n w_i \sigma_{t_i}^2 t_i \left( w_i + 2W - 2 \sum_{j=1}^i w_j \right) \\ \mathbb{E}(G_T) &= \exp \left[ \mathbb{E}(\ln G_T) + \frac{1}{2} \text{Var}(\ln G_T) \right]. \end{aligned}$$

$\phi$	Option Type
-1	Put
1	Call

The value of an *in-progress* geometric average rate option, where the underlying has already been observed at times  $t_i$  for  $1 \leq i \leq m$ , is given by

$$\phi e^{-r_T T} \mathbb{E}(G_T) N \left( \phi \frac{\mathbb{E}(\ln G_T) - \ln X + \text{Var}(\ln G_T)}{\sqrt{\text{Var}(\ln G_T)}} \right) - \phi X e^{-r_T T} N \left( \phi \frac{\mathbb{E}(\ln G_T) - \ln X}{\sqrt{\text{Var}(\ln G_T)}} \right),$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} W_H &= \sum_{i=1}^m w_i & \tilde{W} &= \sum_{i=m+1}^n w_i & G &= \left( \prod_{i=1}^m S_{t_i}^{w_i} \right)^{1/W_H} \\ \mathbb{E}(\ln G_T) &= \frac{1}{W} \left\{ W_H \ln G + \sum_{i=m+1}^n w_i \left[ \ln \mathbb{E}(S_{t_i}) - \frac{1}{2} \sigma_{t_i}^2 t_i \right] \right\} \\ \text{Var}(\ln G_T) &= \frac{1}{W^2} \sum_{i=m+1}^n w_i \sigma_{t_i}^2 t_i \left( w_i + 2\tilde{W} - 2 \sum_{j=m+1}^i w_j \right) \\ \mathbb{E}(G_T) &= \exp \left[ \mathbb{E}(\ln G_T) + \frac{1}{2} \text{Var}(\ln G_T) \right]. \end{aligned}$$

## 2 Properties of Instrument

The payoff for a geometric average rate call option at expiry is given by

$$C_T = (G_T - X)^+, \quad (1)$$

where the weighted geometric mean of the underlying at  $n$  pre-defined observation times  $t_i$  is given by

$$G_T = \left( \prod_{i=1}^n S_{t_i}^{w_i} \right)^{1/W}, \quad (2)$$

where  $(w_i, S_{t_i})$  is the (weight, underlying) pair at  $t_i$ , and

$$W = \sum_{i=1}^n w_i.$$

Similarly, the payoff for a geometric average rate put option at expiry is given by

$$P_T = (X - G_T)^+. \quad (3)$$