Geometric Average Strike Option

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1 Formula

Clewlow and Strickland $(1997)^1$ define the value of a forward starting geometric average strike option as

$$\phi \lambda S e^{-q_T T} N \left(\phi d_1 \right) - \phi e^{-r_T T} \mathbb{E} \left(G_T \right) N \left(\phi d_2 \right),$$

where

$$d_{1} = \frac{\ln(\lambda S) + (r_{T} - q_{T})T - \mathbb{E}(\ln G_{T}) - \frac{1}{2}\operatorname{Var}(\ln G_{T}) + \frac{1}{2}\Sigma^{2}}{\Sigma} \qquad d_{2} = d_{1} - \Sigma$$

$$\mathbb{E}(\ln G_{T}) = \frac{1}{W} \sum_{i=1}^{n} w_{i} \left[\ln \mathbb{E}(S_{t_{i}}) - \frac{1}{2}\sigma_{t_{i}}^{2}t_{i}\right] \qquad \operatorname{Var}(\ln G_{T}) = \frac{1}{W^{2}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} w_{i}\sigma_{t_{i}}^{2}t_{i} \left(w_{i} + 2W - 2\sum_{j=1}^{i} w_{j}\right)$$

$$\mathbb{E}(G_{T}) = \exp\left[\mathbb{E}(\ln G_{T}) + \frac{1}{2}\operatorname{Var}(\ln G_{T})\right] \qquad \Sigma^{2} = \sigma_{T}^{2}T + \operatorname{Var}(\ln G_{T}) - 2\operatorname{Cov}(\ln S_{T}, \ln G_{T})$$

$$\operatorname{Cov}(\ln S_{T}, \ln G_{T}) = \frac{1}{W} \sum_{i=1}^{n} w_{i}\sigma_{t_{i}}^{2}t_{i}.$$

$$\frac{\phi \quad \operatorname{Option} \operatorname{Type}}{-1 \quad \operatorname{Put}}$$

$$1 \quad \operatorname{Call}$$

The value of an *in-progress* geometric average strike option where the underlying has already been observed at times t_i for $1 \le i \le m$ is

$$\phi \lambda S e^{-qT} N \left(\phi d_1 \right) - \phi e^{-rT} \mathbb{E} \left(G_T \right) N \left(\phi d_2 \right),$$

where

$$W_H = \sum_{i=1}^m w_i \qquad \tilde{W} = \sum_{i=m+1}^n w_i \qquad G = \left(\prod_{i=1}^m S_{t_i}^{w_i}\right)^{1/W_H}$$

$$d_1 = \frac{\ln\left(\lambda S\right) + \left(r_T - q_T\right)T - \mathbb{E}\left(\ln G_T\right) - \frac{1}{2}\operatorname{Var}\left(\ln G_T\right) + \frac{1}{2}\Sigma^2}{\Sigma} \qquad d_2 = d_1 - \Sigma$$

$$\mathbb{E}\left(\ln G_T\right) = \frac{1}{W} \left\{ W_H \ln G + \sum_{i=m+1}^n w_i \left[\ln \mathbb{E}\left(S_{t_i}\right) - \frac{1}{2}\sigma_{t_i}^2 t_i\right] \right\}$$

$$\operatorname{Var}\left(\ln G_T\right) = \frac{1}{W^2} \sum_{i=m+1}^n w_i \sigma_{t_i}^2 t_i \left(w_i + 2\tilde{W} - 2\sum_{j=m+1}^i w_j\right)$$

$$\mathbb{E}\left(G_T\right) = \exp\left[\mathbb{E}(\ln G_T) + \frac{1}{2}\operatorname{Var}(\ln G_T)\right] \qquad \Sigma^2 = \sigma_T^2 T + \operatorname{Var}\left(\ln G_T\right) - 2\operatorname{Cov}\left(\ln S_T, \ln G_T\right)$$

$$\operatorname{Cov}\left(\ln S_T, \ln G_T\right) = \frac{1}{W} \sum_{i=m+1}^n w_i \sigma_{t_i}^2 t_i.$$



¹Clewlow and Strickland (1997) p.65-97 Asian Option by Levy

2 Properties of Instrument

The payoff of a geometric average rate call option at expiry is given by

$$C_T = (\lambda S_T - G_T)^+, \tag{1}$$

where the weighted geometric mean of the underlying at n pre-defined observation times t_i is given by

$$G_T = \left(\prod_{i=1}^n S_{t_i}^{w_i}\right)^{1/W},\tag{2}$$

where (w_i, S_{t_i}) is the (weight, underlying) pair at time t_i , and

$$W = \sum_{i=1}^{n} w_i.$$

Similarly, the payoff for a geometric average rate put option at expiry is given by

$$P_T = (G_T - \lambda S_T)^+ \,. \tag{3}$$

Bibliography

Les Clewlow and Chris Strickland, editors. Exotic Options: the State of the Art. International Thomson Business Press, London, 1997.

